## 003 An algorithm a day...

## Algorithm Question

Source: OCR GCSE Computing Exam Jan 2011
A program has been written to obtain 3 random virtual dice rolls:

```
DiceRoll(1) = Random Number 1-6
DiceRoll(2) = Random Number 1-6
DiceRoll(3) = Random Number 1-6
DISPLAY DiceRoll(1)
DISPLAY DiceRoll(2)
DISPLAY DiceRoll(3)
```

Rewrite this algorithm in pseudocode so that it makes use of iteration.

## Algorithm Example Answer

A program has been written to obtain 3 random virtual dice rolls:

```
DiceRoll(1) = Random Number 1-6
DiceRoll(2) = Random Number 1-6
DiceRoll(3) = Random Number 1-6
DISPLAY DiceRoll(1)
DISPLAY DiceRoll(2)
DISPLAY DiceRoll(3)
```

Rewrite this algorithm in pseudocode so that it makes use of iteration
[4 marks]
***There are always different ways to solve a problem. This algorithm is just an example. What is important is that the logic is correct!***

LOGIC:

- Use of a FOR or WHILE loop
- If a FOR loop used: must loop for 3 iterations
- If a WHILE loop used: condition must allow for only 3 iterations (may require a counter being incremented / decremented)
- Within each loop:
- Creation of random number
- OUTPUT of dice generated

EXAMPLE ALGORITHM:
FOR LOOP EXAMPLE:
FOR counter $1-3$ :

$\quad$| dice_number $=$ Random Number $1-6$ |
| :--- |
|  |
| OUTPUT dice_number |

```
WHILE LOOP EXAMPLE:
counter = 3
WHILE counter !=0:
    dice_number = Random Number 1-6
    OUTPUT dice_number
    counter = counter - 1
```

